California Trout, Inc.

Combined Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports and Schedules

June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors California Trout, Inc. San Francisco, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of California Trout, Inc. ("California Trout"), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related combined statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the combined financial statements.

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of California Trout, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of California Trout, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, California Trout has adopted FASB Topic 842, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the combined financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about California Trout, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the combined financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the
 combined financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of California Trout, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about California Trout, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2024, on our consideration of California Trout's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of California Trout's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering California Trout's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited California Trout, Inc.'s 2022 combined financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited combined financial statements in our report dated March 31, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited combined financial statements from which it has been derived.

 $Armanino^{LLP} \\$

San Francisco, California

amanino LLP

March 29, 2024

California Trout, Inc. Combined Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

		2023	 2022
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Contracts receivable Contributions receivable Prepaid expenses Other assets Operating lease right-of-use asset Property and equipment, net	\$	6,254,952 4,870,188 849,609 45,224 92,318 1,157,257 1,171,633	\$ 5,563,453 4,370,778 1,486,543 71,574 79,026 1,093,658
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	14,441,181	\$ 12,665,032
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSE	ETS		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Loan payable Operating lease liability Total liabilities	\$	3,528,230 479,704 2,000,000 1,174,842 7,182,776	\$ 2,806,149 411,567 750,000 - 3,967,716
Net assets Without donor restrictions Undesignated Impact Fund Total without donor restrictions With donor restrictions Total net assets	_	3,334,496 1,871,920 5,206,416 2,051,989 7,258,405	 2,885,119 3,104,917 5,990,036 2,707,280 8,697,316
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	14,441,181	\$ 12,665,032

California Trout, Inc. Combined Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

	Wi	thout Donor Restri	ictions	With Donor	2023	2022
	Undesignated	Impact Fund	Total	Restrictions	Total	Total
Revenues and support Contributions - corporate and	\$ 204.500	¢.	¢ 204.500	Ф 720 222	¢ 022 722	¢ 2.020.210
foundations	Φ =0.,ε00	\$ -	\$ 204,500	\$ 729,223	\$ 933,723	\$ 2,030,310
Contributions - individuals Government and other	2,883,967	367,003	3,250,970	450,702	3,701,672	5,253,546
contracts	14,657,941	-	14,657,941	-	14,657,941	13,216,381
Contributed services	498,800	-	498,800	-	498,800	-
Interest income	147,496	-	147,496	-	147,496	10,492
Product sales and other Net assets released from	263,332	-	263,332	-	263,332	293,862
restriction	3,435,216	(1,600,000)	1,835,216	(1,835,216)		
Total revenues and support	22,091,252	(1,232,997)	20,858,255	(655,291)	20,202,964	20,804,591
Functional expenses						
Programs	18,524,835		18,524,835		18,524,835	16,247,726
Support services						
Management and general	1,476,103	-	1,476,103	-	1,476,103	1,227,891
Fundraising	1,640,937		1,640,937		1,640,937	1,497,460
Total support services	3,117,040		3,117,040		3,117,040	2,725,351
Total functional expenses	21,641,875	-	21,641,875		21,641,875	18,973,077
Change in net assets	449,377	(1,232,997)	(783,620)	(655,291)	(1,438,911)	1,831,514
Net assets, beginning of year	2,885,119	3,104,917	5,990,036	2,707,280	8,697,316	6,865,802
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,334,496	\$ 1,871,920	\$ 5,206,416	\$ 2,051,989	\$ 7,258,405	\$ 8,697,316

California Trout, Inc. Combined Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

	Pr	ograms	anagement nd General	Fu	ndraising	2023 Total	2022 Total
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 3	3,332,238	\$ 1,014,069	\$	951,319	\$ 5,297,626	\$ 3,928,444
Consulting, technology, and professional services	13	3,446,778	179,421		73,829	13,700,028	13,672,100
Legal fees		498,800	-		-	498,800	-
Entertainment and hospitality		13,264	29,453		399,094	441,811	127,584
Occupancy		364,358	18,211		19,602	402,171	270,200
Supplies		245,914	55,161		32,572	333,647	174,287
Travel and lodging		177,473	55,339		19,616	252,428	152,230
Repairs and maintenance		174,201	5,961		4,896	185,058	173,735
Publications and subscriptions		40,627	41,978		16,055	98,660	75,296
Printing and copying		57,642	395		39,099	97,136	70,599
Meetings and conferences		38,039	21,726		18,363	78,128	51,831
Postage and shipping		10,534	850		45,521	56,905	42,953
Telephone and internet		30,379	14,763		7,691	52,833	101,471
Insurance		34,375	1,901		2,114	38,390	33,971
Bank charges and fees		19,197	8,481		2,673	30,351	25,577
Depreciation		-	23,640		-	23,640	30,021
Miscellaneous		15,463	4,754		3,218	23,435	11,730
Advertising, marketing, and publicity		13,926	-		5,275	19,201	24,763
Interest expense		11,627	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 11,627	 6,285
	\$ 18	8,524,835	\$ 1,476,103	\$	1,640,937	\$ 21,641,875	\$ 18,973,077

California Trout, Inc. Combined Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

		2023		2022	
Cash flows from operating activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	\$	(1,438,911)	\$	1,831,514	
provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation Amortization of operating lease right-of-use asset Changes in operating assets and liabilities		23,640 276,823		30,021	
Contracts receivable Contributions receivable Prepaid expenses Other assets Accounts payable		(499,410) 636,934 26,350 (13,292) 722,081		(1,108,046) (506,639) (42,767) (62,091) (159,160)	
Accrued expenses Operating lease liability Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	68,137 (259,238) (456,886)		86,076 - - - - - - - - - -	
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of property and equipment Net cash used in investing activities	_	(101,615) (101,615)		(54,165) (54,165)	
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from loan payable Principal payments on loan payable Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	_	2,000,000 (750,000) 1,250,000		(500,000) (500,000)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		691,499		(485,257)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,563,453	I <u></u>	6,048,710	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,254,952	\$	5,563,453	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow infor	mati	on			
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	11,627	\$	6,285	
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities					
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$	1,434,080	\$	-	

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

California Trout, Inc. and California Trout Foundation are California tax-exempt, non-profit corporations. California Trout, Inc. was established in 1971 for the purpose of undertaking programs and activities to conserve and enhance the wild trout and salmon and their natural habitat within California. Additionally, California Trout Inc. fundraises to finance charitable, scientific and educational research projects, and to preserve and rehabilitate public trout and steelhead fisheries in California. California Trout Foundation (the "Foundation") is a sister organization of California Trout Inc. with the primary purpose of holding title to conserved land properties. California Trout Inc. and the Foundation are collectively referred to as "California Trout" or the "Organization" within the notes to the combined financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The accompanying combined financial statements include the accounts of California Trout Inc. and the Foundation. All intercompany activities have been eliminated in combination. The combined financial statements of California Trout have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

California Trout reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions.

- Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets without donor restrictions generally result from revenue obtained by providing services in connection with contracts with governmental and quasi-government agencies, and receiving contributions and interest and dividends that are not restricted by donor-imposed stipulations. The governing board has the ability to designate, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve or board-designated endowment, but has opted not to do so as of June 30, 2023. Included in net assets without donor restrictions is undesignated net assets and management designated net assets resulting from Impact Fund contributions earmarked for use in future periods.
- Net assets with donor restrictions California Trout reports donations and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. This includes donor imposed stipulations that either expire by passage of time and/or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Organization, or donor-imposed stipulations that are restricted in perpetuity. When a donor restriction expires or the purpose restriction is accomplished, the restricted net assets are reclassified and reported in the combined statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions restricted for capital improvements are released to net assets without donor restrictions at the time the funds are expended for the specified improvement.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Change in accounting principle

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 842, *Leases*, to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. Most prominent among the changes in the standard is the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases. Under the standard, disclosures are required to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

California Trout adopted the standard effective July 1, 2022 and recognized and measured leases existing at, or entered into after, July 1, 2022, with certain practical expedients available.

California Trout elected the available practical expedients to account for existing capital leases and operating leases as finance leases and operating leases, respectively, under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether classification of capital leases or operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

As a result of the adoption of the new lease accounting guidance, California Trout recognized an initial lease liability of \$1,431,909 on July 1, 2022, which represents the present value of the remaining operating lease payments of \$1,535,329 discounted using risk free rates ranging from 2.12% to 4.63%, and a right-of-use asset of \$1,434,080, which represents the lease liability of \$1,431,909 and one-time indirect costs of \$2,171.

The standard had a material impact on California Trout's combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, but did not have a material impact on California Trout's combined statement of activities, nor combined statement of cash flows for the year then ended. The most significant impact was the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases on the combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023.

Cash and cash equivalents

California Trout's cash consists of cash on deposit with banks. Cash equivalents represent money market funds or short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject California Trout to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents. California Trout maintains its cash and cash equivalents in various bank accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. California Trout manages deposit concentration risk by placing cash and money market accounts with financial institutions believed to be creditworthy.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Concentrations of credit risk (continued)

To date, California Trout has not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with accounts, grants, and contracts receivable is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from governmental agencies and reputable organizations and foundations supportive of California Trout's mission.

Contracts receivable

Contracts receivable represent amounts due from contracts with governmental and quasi-governmental entities. Revenue is recorded when earned upon completion of the services or when California Trout has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Management estimates an allowance for doubtful contracts receivable based on a review of specific amounts outstanding longer than thirty days and past experience. There was no allowance for uncollectible contracts receivable as of June 30, 2023 as all amounts were deemed collectible. Contracts receivable amounted to \$4,870,188 as of June 30, 2023.

Contributions and promises to give

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues in the period the promise is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional; that is when the barrier has been overcome and right of release/right of return no longer exists. Contributions receivable that are promised in one year but are not expected to be collected until after the end of that year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. No discount has been recorded as of June 30, 2023 as the amount was determined to be immaterial.

An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is established based on management's judgment, the review of the composition of the balances and past experience. There was no allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable at June 30, 2023 as all balances were considered collectible.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributions and promises to give (continued)

A portion of California Trout's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable contracts from governmental agencies, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. The revenue generated from these contracts meets the criteria to be classified as conditional contributions as they contain barriers related to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures and a right of return or release. Amounts received are recognized as revenues when California Trout has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. The Organization has elected a simultaneous release option to account for these grants. Therefore, they are recorded as government grants without donor restriction upon satisfaction of the barriers. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as deferred revenue in the combined statement of financial position. There was no deferred revenue as of June 30, 2023. The Organization received conditional cost-reimbursable grants of \$51,981,806 that have not been recognized at June 30, 2023 because qualifying expenditures have not yet been incurred.

Contributed services

Contributed services are reflected at the fair value of the contribution received. The contributions of services are recognized if they (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills that are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, California Trout received \$498,800 in contributed services.

Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the combined financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by U.S. GAAP.

Property and equipment

California Trout's policy is to record acquisitions of property and equipment at cost or, if donated, at fair market value on the date of donation.

Depreciation of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	27.5 years
Office equipment	3 - 5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Project equipment	5 - 20 years

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property and equipment (continued)

Costs of maintenance and repairs are expensed. California Trout reviews the carrying values of all assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated economic utility and/or future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. No such impairments have been recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Leases

California Trout leases office space and equipment under operating leases. California Trout determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease liabilities on the combined statement of financial position. The Organization does not have any finance leases.

ROU assets represent California Trout's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent California Trout's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As California Trout's lease does not provide an implicit rate, California Trout uses a risk-free rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

California Trout's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

California Trout has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and instead records them in a manner similar to operating leases under legacy leasing guidelines. A short-term lease is one with a maximum lease term of 12 months or fewer and does not include a purchase option that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise.

Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the combined statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program services and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis. Certain expenses (such as salaries, wages and related payroll costs, insurance, and occupancy) have been allocated based on time and effort using California Trout's payroll allocations. Other expenses (such as consulting and outside services, design consulting, technology consulting, legal and accounting and other direct costs) have been allocated in accordance with the specific services received.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax

California Trout is required to report information regarding its exposure to various tax positions taken by the Organization and requires a two-step process that separates recognition from measurement. The first step is determining whether a tax position has met the recognition threshold; the second step is measuring a tax position that meets the recognition threshold. Management believes that California Trout has adequately evaluated its current tax positions and has concluded that as of June 30, 2023, California Trout does not have any uncertain tax positions for which a reserve or an accrual for a tax liability would be necessary.

California Trout has received notification from the Internal Revenue Service and the State of California that it qualifies for tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. The exemptions are subject to periodic review by the federal and state taxing authorities and management is confident that California Trout continues to satisfy all federal and state statutes in order to qualify for continued tax exemption status. California Trout may periodically receive unrelated business income requiring California Trout to file separate tax returns under federal and state statutes. Under such conditions, California Trout calculates and accrues the applicable taxes.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures, principally relating to the collectability of contracts and contributions receivable, the estimated useful life of property and equipment, the functional allocation of expenses, the present value discount of future lease payments, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable consisted of the following:

Due in less than one year Due in one to five years	\$ 800,637 48,972
	\$ 849,609

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following:

Land	\$	21,360
Trout Camp property		1,065,308
Office equipment		47,983
Furniture and fixtures		118,022
Project equipment		43,305
		1,295,978
Less accumulated depreciation		(124,345)
	<u>\$</u>	1,171,633

Depreciation expense amounted to \$23,640 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

5. LINE OF CREDIT

California Trout maintained a \$400,000 revolving business line of credit with a bank during the year ended June 30, 2023. The line of credit is secured by equipment, receivables, and general intangibles. When utilized, the line of credit bears interest at a variable rate calculated using an index (which is the Prime Rate) plus 0.750 percentage points, and not be less than 4.0% per annum (9.00% at June 30, 2023). The line of credit matured on December 2, 2022. In January 2023, the line of credit was amended increasing the line amount to \$700,000 and extending the maturity date to January 2025. At June 30, 2023, there was no outstanding balance under the line of credit.

6. LOAN PAYABLE

On January 17, 2021, California Trout entered into a credit agreement with the David and Lucile Packard Foundation for a loan in the principal amount of \$1,250,000, at 0.50% simple interest per annum, with a maturity date of January 31, 2023. The loan was used to pay for project costs incurred by California Trout in undertaking the restoration projects in accordance with its restoration contracts. During the year ended June 30, 2023, California Trout paid off the remaining balance on the loan in full.

On October 26, 2022, California Trout entered into a second credit agreement with the David and Lucile Packard Foundation for a loan in the principal amount of \$2,000,000, at 0.50% simple interest per annum, with a maturity date of September 30, 2024. In November 2023, the loan was amended to extend the maturity date to September 30, 2025 (see Note 16). The loan is to pay for project costs incurred by California Trout in undertaking the restoration projects in accordance with its restoration contracts. The outstanding principle balance on the loan was \$2,000,000 as of June 30, 2023.

6. LOAN PAYABLE (continued)

The future maturities of the loan payable are as follows:

Year ending June 30,

	2024 2025	\$ 1,200,000 800,000
		\$ 2,000,000
7.	NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	
	Net assets with donor restrictions consisted of the following:	

Restricted for a specific purpose

Shasta programs	\$ 262,329
Bay Area programs	111,134
Sierra programs	29,819
Southern California programs	188,252
State of California programs	268,756
North Coast programs	336,957
Central Valley programs	35,324
Other programs	 69,809
	1,302,380

Time restricted	grants	and	contributions
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Impact fund	564,737
Other time restricted grants and contributions	184,872
-	749,609

2,051,989

Net assets with donor restrictions released from restriction during the year were as follows:

Shasta programs	\$ 116,405
Bay Area programs	112,262
Sierra programs	66,111
Southern California programs	97,550
State of California programs	604,240
North Coast programs	216,369
Central Valley programs	25,670
Other programs	40,408
Time restricted grants and contributions	 556,201

1,835,216

8. LEASES

California Trout leases its corporate office space in San Francisco under a multi-year operating agreement through May 31, 2027. California Trout is responsible for its proportionate share of building, maintenance, and operating expenses, which includes property taxes, insurance, and utilities. California Trout also separately leases various satellite office locations throughout California under various multi-year and month-to-month operating lease agreements with lease expirations through September 2027.

California Trout leases certain office equipment under short-term operating lease arrangements, which require fixed monthly or quarterly rental payments.

Additional information related to leases is as follows:

Operating lease cost	\$ 318,680
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 292,924
ROU asset obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$ 1,434,080
Weighted average remaining lease term	3.65 years
Weighted average discount rate	3.06 %

At June 30, 2023, the operating lease ROU asset and operating lease liability amounted to \$1,157,257 and \$1,174,842, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable leases as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 333,589
2025	333,834
2026	312,894
2027	256,464
2028	5,625
	1,242,406
Less: imputed interest	(67,564)
	\$ 1,174,842

9. RETIREMENT PLAN

California Trout offers employees the opportunity for participation in a salary reduction retirement plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). Distributions from the 403(b) plan are made only pursuant to all applicable laws and regulations. Under the provisions of the plan, California Trout contributed \$167,251 to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

10. GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS AND CONCENTRATION

As of June 30, 2023, California Trout is contractually engaged with various federal, state and local government agencies to perform specific tasks related to various restoration projects throughout California. The value of these secured government contracts is estimated to be approximately \$51,981,806 at June 30, 2023. The recognition of the revenue related to these contracts is contingent upon a number of factors and divergent tasks (such as restoration activities), and is also dependent on the timing of the projects.

California Trout receives a significant portion of its support from federal, state, and local governments (amounting to 73% for the year ended June 30, 2023). A reduction in the level of this support could have a material effect on the Organization's programs and activities.

11. CONSULTING AND OUTSIDE SERVICES

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

12.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, California Trout expended \$13,700,028, on a variety of consulting and outside services. A majority of these expenditures pertained to several ongoing program activities.

Consulting, technology, and professional services was comprised of the following:

North Coast programs	\$ 5,078,254
South Coast programs	4,897,549
Shasta programs	1,352,437
Eastern Sierra programs	506,701
Bay Area programs	464,503
Central California programs	437,679
Outreach and other program activities	353,162
State of California programs	352,276
Management and general	165,673
Fundraising and development	75,863
IT support	 15,931

13,700,028

During the year ended June 30, 2023, members of the Board of Directors contributed \$578,063 in donations to California Trout.

13. LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES

California Trout regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the safeguarding of its available funds. California Trout has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents and the future collection of receivables. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, California Trout considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities to conserve and enhance wild trout and salmon and their natural habitat within California to be general expenditures.

In addition to the financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the 12 months, California Trout operates with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources.

The following is a quantitative disclosure which describes assets that are available or expected to be available within one year to fund general expenditures and other obligations as they become due:

Financial assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,254,952
Contracts receivable	4,870,188
Contributions receivable	 849,609
	 11,974,749
Less: amounts not available to be used within one year	
Noncurrent portion of contributions receivable without restrictions	(48,972)
Donor-imposed restrictions	 (1,302,380)
	 (1,351,352)
	\$ 10,623,397

Certain of the support that California Trout receives is restricted by donors. Because donor restrictions require resources to be used in a particular manner or in a future period, California Trout must maintain sufficient resources to meet those responsibilities to its donors. Thus, financial assets may not be available for general expenditure within one year. Contributions receivable due within one year and that hold no purpose restriction will be available for general expenditure over the next year.

As part of California Trout's liquidity management, it has a policy to maintain operating cash equal to four months of operating expenses. As described in Note 5, California Trout also has an available line of credit in the amount of \$700,000 upon which it could draw.

14. CONTRIBUTED SERVICES

Contributed services recognized as contributions and expenses in the combined statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of \$498,800 in donated legal services. Donated legal services are valued using the estimated fair value based on current rates for similar or identical services. There are no donor restriction on contributed services. Legal services include services from attorneys advising California Trout on various strategic, administrative and legal matters directly related to its programs.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business there are outstanding various commitments and contingent liabilities, such as commitments to enter into contracts and future projects, which are not reflected in the combined financial statements. Such commitments and contingencies also include risks associated with various economic and operating factors, which include (a) Grant restrictions, donor conditions, and government contracts which obligate California Trout to fulfill certain requirements, conditions, and activities, (b) Funding levels which vary based on factors beyond California Trout's control, such as generosity of donors and general economic conditions, (c) Employment and service agreements with key management personnel, and (d) Financial risks associated with funds on deposit at bank and investment brokerage accounts. Management believes that such commitments, contingencies and risks will not have a material adverse effect on the combined financial statements. Certain of the grants and contracts (including current and prior costs) are subject to audit and final acceptance by the granting organizations.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September 2023, the Organization paid off \$500,000 of the outstanding loan payable balance.

In November 2023, the credit agreement with the David and Lucile Packard Foundation was amended to extend the maturity date on the loan payable to September 30, 2025.

California Trout has evaluated subsequent events through March 29, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no other subsequent events that would require adjustments to or disclosures in the accompanying financial statements.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors California Trout, Inc. San Francisco, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined financial statements of California Trout, Inc. ("California Trout"), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related combined statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the combined financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the combined financial statements, we considered California Trout's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of California Trout's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of California Trout's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether California Trout's combined financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the combined financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of California Trout's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering California Trout's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Armanino^{LLP}

San Francisco, California

armanino LLP

March 29, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM, INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors California Trout, Inc. San Francisco, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited California Trout, Inc. ("California Trout")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of California Trout's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. California Trout's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, California Trout complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of California Trout and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of California Trout's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to California Trout's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on California Trout's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about California Trout's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding California Trout's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of California Trout's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of California Trout's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the combined financial statements of California Trout as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on those combined financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Armanino^{LLP}

San Francisco, California

amanino LLP

March 29, 2024

California Trout, Inc. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance <u>Listing Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Expenditures of Federal Awards				
U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-through program from: The Nature Conservancy: Environmental Quality Incentives Program Forrest B Hart: Environmental Quality Incentives Program	10.912 10.912	NR2019104XXXX G003 749104161WC	\$ 4,045 20,134	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			24,179	
U.S. Department of Commerce Pass-through program from: California Department of Fish and Wildlife: Pacific Coast Salmon Recovery Pacific Salmon Treaty Program Total pass-through programs from California Department of Fish and Wildlife Pass-through program from: National Fish and Wildlife Foundation: Office for Coastal Management Total pass-through programs from National Fish and Wildlife Foundation	11.438 11.438 11.438 11.438 11.438 11.438	Q2110505 Q2150901 Q2010510 Q2050909 Q2050905 Q2250902	167,246 89,392 152,737 69,546 69,220 2,835 550,976	- - - - - - - -
Pass-through program from: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:		NA23NMF463001	1	
Habitat Conservation	11.463	5	193,127	-
Habitat Conservation	11.463	NA23NMF463001	129,389	-
Habitat Conservation	11.463	NA20NMF463030 1	415,723	-
Habitat Conservation Total pass-through programs from National Oceanic and	11.463	NA20NMF463022 2	47,342	
Atmospheric Administration			785,581	
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			1,437,906	<u> </u>

California Trout, Inc. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Pass-Through			
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Total Federal	Passed Through
Program or Cluster Title	<u>Listing Number</u>	Number	Expenditures	to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Interior				
Direct awards				
Central Valley Improvement Act, Title XXXIV	15.512	R20AP00312	\$ 459,130	\$ -
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	F19AC00414	1,611	-
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	F21AC01883-00	13,770	-
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	F21AC02065-00	12,638	-
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	F20AC10563-00	77,532	-
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608	F20AC11147-00	87,045	-
Coastal	15.630	F21AC02189	12,655	-
Partners for Fish and Wildlife	15.631	F18AC00199	2,376	-
Partners for Fish and Wildlife	15.631	F18AC00490	25,000	-
Partners for Fish and Wildlife	15.631	F22AC01926-00	9,786	-
Central Valley Improvement Act (CVPIA)	15.648	F20AP10274	143,657	97,961
Total direct awards			845,200	97,961
Pass-through program from:				
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation:				
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act	15.517	61728	4,559	-
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act	15.517	75192	1,519	-
Total pass-through programs from National Fish and Wildlife				
Foundation			6,078	
Pass-through program from:				
US Fish and Wildlife Service:				
Partners for Fish and Wildlife	15.631	F19AC00421	109,573	_
Pass-through program from:				
State Coastal Conservancy:				
Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration	15.614	F21AP01575	542,026	
Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration	15.614	F21AP01373 F23AP01039	968,368	-
	13.014	F23AP01039	1,510,394	
Total Pass-through program from SCC:			1,310,394	
Total U.S. Department of Interior			2,471,245	97,961
•				
Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-through program from:				
State Water Resources Control Board:				
Nonprofit Source Implementation Grants	66.460	D2013115	61,864	
Total Environmental Protection Agency			61,864	
Total Environmental Protection Agency			01,804	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,995,194	\$ 97,961

California Trout, Inc. Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of California Trout, Inc. ("California Trout") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of California Trout, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of California Trout.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available and applicable.

3. INDIRECT COST RATE

California Trout has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for federal awards. California Trout applies indirect costs in accordance with the specific terms of its federal award agreements.

California Trout, Inc. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Finar	cial	Statement	c

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Number
Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration	15.614
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

California Trout, Inc. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION II - SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding number: 2023-001 Revenue Recognition

Criteria: Revenue from cost-reimbursable government grants should be recognized when

expenditures have been incurred in compliance with specific grant provisions.

Condition: California Trout incurred expenditures on certain government contracts during

2022 that were not recognized as expenses or government and other contract

revenue until 2023 when the billing for the contracts was completed.

Cause: California Trout did not record the expenditures on certain government contracts

during 2022 when the expenditures were incurred but rather recorded them in

2023 when the billing under the contracts was completed.

Effect or potential

effect:

California Trout understated its 2022 expenditures and government and other contract revenue and overstated its 2023 expenditures and government and other

contract revenue in the amount of \$193,927.

Recommendation: We recommend management develop a comprehensive revenue recognition

policy to ensure the proper recognition of government grants in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The policy should include a detailed periodic review of the status of contracts, expenditures incurred under the contracts, whether billed or unbilled,

that will allow for the identification of proper revenue recognition.

View of responsible

officials:

Management agrees with the finding.

SECTION III - SUMMARY OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no federal award findings to be reported.

California Trout, Inc. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Finding number: 2022-001

Criteria: Pursuant to FASB ASC 958-605, unconditional promises to give should be

recognized as revenues in the period the promise is received and revenue from cost-reimbursable government grants should be recognized when expenditures

have been incurred in compliance with specific grant provisions.

Condition: California Trout received an unconditional contribution during 2021 that was not

recognized when it was received. California Trout also incurred expenditures on a government contract during 2021 that was not recognized as government and other contract revenue when the expenditures were incurred. As part of the 2022

audit, we proposed a prior period adjustment to correct the errors.

Cause: California Trout erroneously did not record the transactions during 2021 but

rather recorded them in 2022 when they were discovered.

Effect or potential

effect:

California Trout understated its 2021 contribution revenue and government and other contract revenue in addition to it's grants and contracts receivable and contributions receivable as of June 30, 2021. California Trout's net assets as of June 30, 2021 were understated by \$525,468 as a result of these errors and were

restated in the 2022 financial statements.

Status: Partially corrected.

No errors were identified in California Trout's recognition of unconditional promises to give. Errors were identified in the recognition of cost-reimbursable government grants based on the incurrence of expenditures which has been

reported as finding 2023-001.